

## Hydrochloric acid fuming 37 % p.A.

Version number: GHS 4.0  
Replaces version of: 2025-02-14 (GHS 3)

Revision: 2025-05-09

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

<b>Identification of the substance</b>	<b>Hydrochloric acid fuming 37 % p.A.</b>
<b>CAS number</b>	7647-01-0
<b>Article number</b>	LC-7093

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

<b>Relevant identified uses</b>	General use
<b>Uses advised against</b>	Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use for products which come into direct contact with the skin.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

NeoFroxx GmbH  
Marie-Curie-Str. 3  
D-64683 Einhausen  
Germany

Telephone: +49 (6251) 989 24 - 0  
e-mail: info@neofroxx.com  
Website: neofroxx.com

**e-mail (competent person)** info@neofroxx.com (neoFroxx GmbH)

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Poison centre			
Country	Name	Postal code/city	Telephone
United Kingdom	National Poisons Information Service		111

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

##### Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.16	substance or mixture corrosive to metals	1	Met. Corr. 1	H290
3.2	skin corrosion/irritation	1	Skin Corr. 1	H314
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
3.8R	specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respiratory tract irritation)	3	STOT SE 3	H335

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

#### The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis.

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### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS05, GHS07



- Hazard statements

H290 May be corrosive to metals.  
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

- Precautionary statements

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.  
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.  
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.  
P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

### 2.3 Other hazards

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

#### Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

**Name of substance** Hydrochloric acid fuming 37 % p.A.

#### Identifiers

CAS No 7647-01-0  
EC No 231-595-7  
Index No 017-002-01-X  
(GB CLP)

**Purity** 10 – 38 %

Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
Met. Corr. 1; H290: C $\geq 0.1\%$ Eye Dam. 1; H318: C $\geq 1\%$	-	-	

**Molecular formula** Cl H

**Molar mass** 36.46 g/mol

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### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

##### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

##### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

##### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

##### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

##### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

##### Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, Alcohol resistant foam, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

##### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Substance or mixture corrosive to metals.

##### Hazardous combustion products

Hydrogen chloride (HCl)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

##### For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

##### For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

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### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

#### Appropriate containment techniques

Neutralisation techniques. Use of adsorbent materials.

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation  
Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Never add water to this product.
- Handling of incompatible substances or mixtures  
Do not mix with alkali.
- Keep away from  
Caustic solutions

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Managing of associated risks

- Corrosive conditions  
Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.
- Packaging compatibilities  
Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)											
Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Notation	Source
EU	hydrogen chloride	7647-01-0	IOELV	5	8	10	15				2000/39/EC
GB	hydrogen chloride	7647-01-0	WEL	1	2	5	8			ga	EH40/2005

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### Notation

Ceiling-C	ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur
ga	as gases and aerosols
STEL	short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)
TWA	time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

### Human health values

Relevant DNELs and other threshold levels				
Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
DNEL	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
DNEL	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

#### Skin protection

##### - Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

##### - Type of material

NBR: acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber

##### - Material thickness

min. 0,11 mm

##### - Breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

##### - Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

### Respiratory protection

P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White).

### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	not determined
Odour	stinging
Melting point/freezing point	not determined

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<b>Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	not determined
<b>Flammability</b>	non-combustible
<b>Lower and upper explosion limit</b>	not determined
<b>Flash point</b>	not determined
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	not determined
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	not relevant
<b>pH (value)</b>	<1 (20 °C) (acid)
<b>Kinematic viscosity</b>	not determined

### Solubility(ies)

Water solubility	miscible in any proportion
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### Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	not relevant (inorganic)
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Vapour pressure	12 hPa at 20 °C
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### Density and/or relative density

Density	1.04 – 1.19 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C
Relative vapour density	information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
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## 9.2 Other information

<b>Information with regard to physical hazard classes</b>	there is no additional information
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### Other safety characteristics

Miscibility	Completely miscible with water.
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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". It's a reactive substance. Substance or mixture corrosive to metals.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

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### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction with:  
amines  
potassium permanganate  
salts of haloxyacids  
semimetal oxides  
Semimetal Hydrogen Compounds  
aldehydes  
vinyl methyl ether  
Risk of ignition or formation of flammable gases or vapors with:  
carbides  
lithium silicide  
fluorine  
Evolution of dangerous gases or fumes with:  
aluminum  
hydrides  
formaldehyde  
metals  
strong lye  
sulfides  
Danger of explosion with:  
alkali metals.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heating.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Bases, Metals, metal alloys  
Hydrogen is given off by reacting with metals

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Classification acc. to GHS

#### Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

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### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0,1\%$ .

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Waste treatment-relevant information

Recycling/reclamation of other inorganic materials. Regeneration of acids.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR/RID	UN 1789
IMDG-Code	UN 1789
ICAO-TI	UN 1789

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID	HYDROCHLORIC ACID
IMDG-Code	HYDROCHLORIC ACID
ICAO-TI	Hydrochloric acid

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### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID	8
IMDG-Code	8
ICAO-TI	8

### 14.4 Packing group

ADR/RID	II
IMDG-Code	II
ICAO-TI	II

### 14.5 Environmental hazards

non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

### Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

#### **Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) - Additional information**

Classification code	C1
Danger label(s)	8



Special provisions (SP)	520
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L
Transport category (TC)	2
Tunnel restriction code (TRC)	E
Hazard identification No	80
Emergency Action Code	2R

#### **Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID) - Additional information**

Classification code	C1
Danger label(s)	8



Special provisions (SP)	520
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L
Transport category (TC)	2
Hazard identification No	80

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### International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Marine pollutant -  
Danger label(s) 8



Excepted quantities (EQ) E2  
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L  
EmS F-A, S-B  
Stowage category C  
Segregation group 1 - Acids

### International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Danger label(s) 8



Special provisions (SP) A3  
Excepted quantities (EQ) E2  
Limited quantities (LQ) 0,5 L

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

##### Deco-Paint Directive

VOC content	0 %
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##### Industrial Emissions Directive (IED)

VOC content	0 %
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##### Water Framework Directive (WFD)

not listed

##### Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

not listed

##### National regulations (GB)

##### List of substances subject to authorisation (GB REACH, Annex 14) / SVHC - candidate list

not listed

##### Restrictions according to GB REACH, Annex 17

Dangerous substances with restrictions (GB REACH, Annex 17)			
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	No
Hydrochloric acid fuming 37 % p.A.	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC		3

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### Storage of hazardous substances in non-stationary containers (TRGS 510) (Germany)

Storage class (LGK) 8 B (non-combustible corrosive materials (except only corrosive to metals))

### National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed

#### Legend

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety-relevant
15.1		Storage of hazardous substances in non-stationary containers (TRGS 510) (Germany)	yes
15.1		Storage class (LGK): 8 B (non-combustible corrosive materials (except only corrosive to metals))	yes
16		Abbreviations and acronyms: change in the listing (table)	yes

### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2000/39/EC	Commission Directive establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits ( <a href="http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/">http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/</a> )
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
GB CLP	The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/720 (as amended)
GB REACH	The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019, SI 2019/758 (as amended)

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
IOELV	Indicative occupational exposure limit value
LGK	Lagerklasse (storage class according to TRGS 510, Germany)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
ppm	Parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TRGS	Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (technical rules for hazardous substances, Germany)
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WEL	Workplace exposure limit

### Key literature references and sources for data

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR). Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail (RID). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product. The information is intended to give you guidelines for the safe handling of the product mentioned in this safety data sheet during storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information is not transferable to other products. Insofar as the product is mixed, blended or processed with other materials or is subjected to processing, the information in this safety data sheet cannot be transferred to the new material produced in this way, unless expressly stated otherwise.