

Instructions for Use **XXprep Kit for Plasmid DNA**

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Order no. 4427RC010 4427RC050 4427RC250

XXprep Kit for Plasmid DNA, 10 Reactions XXprep Kit for Plasmid DNA, 50 Reactions XXprep Kit for Plasmid DNA, 250 Reactions

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1 Introduction

1.1 Intended use

The XXprep Kit for Plasmid DNA has been designed for the extraction of plasmid DNA from up to 15 ml of cultured bacterial cells. The kit uses an optimized chemistry in combination with a new designed spin filter material for fast and reliable purification of plasmid DNA and for high yield of plasmid DNA.

The XXprep Kit for Plasmid DNA protocol is based on an alkaline lysis procedure combined with binding of plasmid DNA (pDNA) on the surface of a spin filter column. The spin filter columns are available with or without cap. After binding the pDNA is washed to remove RNA, proteins or other impurities. The eluted plasmid DNA is from excellent quality and therefore highly suited for a lot of downstream applications like transfection, cloning, sequencing, PCR or in vitro transcription.

1.2 Notes on the use of this manual

For easy reference and orientation, the manual uses the following warning and information symbols as well as the shown methodology:

Symbol	Information
REF	REF Catalogue number
Σ N	Content Contains sufficient reagents for <n> tests</n>
15°C	Storage conditions Store at room temperature or shown conditions respectively
[]i	Consult instructions for use This information must be observed to avoid improper use of the kit and the kit components.
\Box	Expiry date
LOT	Lot number The number of the kit batch
	Manufactured by Contact information of manufacturer
(For single use only Do not use components for a second time
<i>~</i>	Note / Attention Observe the notes marked in this way to ensure correct function of the device and to avoid operating errors for obtaining correct results.

The following systematic approach is introduced in the manual:

- × The chapters and figures are numbered consecutively.
- × A cross reference is indicated with an arrow (e.g. \rightarrow "Notes on the use of this manual" p.3).
- × Work steps are numbered.

2 Safety precautions

NOTE

Read through this chapter carefully prior to guarantee your own safety and a trouble-free operation.

Follow all the safety instructions explained in the manual, as well as all messages and information, which are shown.

All due care and attention should be exercised in handling the materials and reagents contained in the kit. Always wear gloves while handling these reagents and avoid any skin contact! In case of contact, flush eyes or skin with a large amount of water immediately.



FOR SINGLE USE ONLY!

This kit is made for single use only!

ATTENTION!

Don't eat or drink components of the kit! The kit shall only be handled by educated personnel in a laboratory environment!

If the buffer bottles are damaged or leaking, wear gloves and protective goggles when discarding the bottles in order to avoid any injuries. This kit is to be used with potential infectious samples. Therefore, all liquid waste must be considered as potentially infectious and must be handled and discarded according to local safety regulation.

Please observe the federal, state and local safety and environmental regulations. Follow the usual precautions for applications using extracted nucleic acids. All materials and reagents used for DNA or RNA isolation should be free of DNases or RNases.

Clinical samples must always be considered as potentially infectious. Samples from risk patients must always be labeled and handled under consequent safety conditions. Please observe the federal, state and local safety and environmental regulations. Observe the usual precautions for applications using extracted nucleic acids. All materials and reagents used for DNA or RNA isolation should be free of DNases or RNases.

ATTENTION!

Do not add bleach or acidic components to the waste after sample preparation!

NOTE

Emergency medical information in English and German can be obtained 24 hours a day from:

Poison Information Center, Freiburg / Germany Phone: +49 (0)761 19 240.

For more information, please ask for the material safety data sheet (MSDS).

3 Storage conditions

The XXprep Kit for Plasmid DNA should be stored dry at room temperature (15 °C-30 °C). When stored at room temperature, the kit is stable until the expiration date printed on the label on the kit box. If there are any precipitates within the provided solutions solve these precipitates by careful warming. Before every use make sure that all components have room temperature. For further information see chapter "Kit components" (\rightarrow p.7).

4 Functional testing and technical assistance

The neoFroxx GmbH guarantees the correct function of the kit for applications as described in the manual. This product has been produced and tested in an ISO 13485 certified facility.

We reserve the right to change or modify our products to enhance their performance and design. If you have any questions or problems regarding any aspects of the XXprep Kit for Plasmid DNA or other neoFroxx products, please do not hesitate to contact us. For technical support or further information in Germany please dial +49 (0) 6251 989240. For other countries please contact your local distributor.

5 Product use and warranty

The kit is not designed for the usage of other starting materials or other amounts of starting materials than those, referred to in the manual (\rightarrow "Intended use" p.2) (\rightarrow "Product specifications" p.9). Since the performance characteristics of our kits have just been validated for the application described above, the user is responsible for the validation of the performance of neoFroxx kits using other protocols than those described below. neoFroxx kits may be used in clinical diagnostic laboratory systems after the laboratory has validated the complete diagnostic system as required by CLIA' 88 regulations in the U.S. or equivalent regulations required in other countries.

All products sold by the neoFroxx GmbH are subjected to extensive quality control procedures and are warranted to perform as described when used correctly. Any problems should be reported immediately.

NOTE For research use only!

6 Kit components

15°C

STORAGE CONDITIONS

All components are stored at room temperature.

	<u>ک</u> 10	50
REF	4427RC010	4427RC050
Resuspension Buffer	6 ml	30 ml
Lysis Buffer	6 ml	30 ml
Neutralization Buffer	8 ml	40 ml
Washing Solution A	8 ml	40 ml
Washing Solution B (conc.)	4 ml	20 ml
Elution Buffer P	2 ml	3 x 2 ml
Spin Filter	10	50
Receiver Tubes	10	50
Manual	1	1
Initial steps	Washing Solution B Add 6 ml of 96-99.8 % ethanol to the bottle and mix thoroughly. Keep the bottle always firmly closed!	Washing Solution B Add 30 ml of 96-99.8 % ethanol to the bottle and mix thoroughly. Keep the bottle always firmly closed!!

	250	500
REF	4427RC250	4427RC500
Resuspension Buffer	150 ml	2 x 150 ml
Lysis Buffer	150 ml	2 x 150 ml
Neutralization Buffer	200 ml	2 x 200 ml
Washing Solution A	180 ml	2 x 180 ml
Washing Solution B (conc.)	80 ml	2 x 80 ml
Elution Buffer P	30 ml	2 x 30 ml
Spin Filter	5 x 50	10 x 50
Receiver Tubes	5 x 50	10 x 50
Manual	1	1
Initial steps	Washing Solution B Add 120 ml of 96-99.8 % ethanol to the bottle and mix thoroughly. Keep the bottle always firmly closed!	Washing Solution B Add 120 ml of 96-99.8 % ethanol to the bottle and mix thoroughly. Keep the bottle always firmly closed!!

Components not included in the kit

- x 1.5 ml or 2.0 ml reaction tubes or 15 ml reaction tubes (optional)
- × 96-99.8 % ethanol

NOTE

Use only absolute/pure ethanol, NO methylated or denatured alcohol!

7 Product specifications

- 1. Starting material:
 - × Bacterial culture (0.5–15.0 ml) for isolation of high copy plasmid DNA
 - × Bacterial culture (0.5–15.0 ml) for isolation of low copy plasmid DNA
 - × Bacterial culture (0.5–15.0 ml) for isolation of cosmid DNA
- 2. Time for isolation:
 - x Approximately 15 minutes
- 3. Binding capacity and typical yield:
 - × Typical yield from 2.0 ml starting material: 6–20 μg (high copy plasmid)
 - × Typical yield from 15.0 ml starting material: 45–60 μg (high copy plasmid)

8 GHS classification

Component	Hazard contents	GHS Sym- bol	Hazard phrases	Precaution phrases
Lysis Buffer	Sodium do- decyl sulphate 0.1-≤2.5 % Sodium hy- droxide 0.5-<2 %	Danger	314	101, 102, 103, 260,303+361+ 353, 305+351+338, 310, 405, 501
Neutraliza- tion Buffer	Guanidinium chloride 25–50 % Acetic acid 10–<25 %	() Warning	302, 315, 319	101, 102, 103, 280,305+351+ 338, 310, 362, 301+312, 501
Washing So- lution A	Guanidinium chloride 25–50 % Propan-2-ol 25–50 %	Danger	225, 302, 315, 319, 336	101, 102, 103, 210, 261, 303+361+353, 305+351+338, 405, 501

9 Recommended steps before starting

- × Ensure that the Washing Solution B has been prepared according to the instruction (\rightarrow "Kit components" p.7).
- × Centrifugation steps should be carried out at room temperature.

10 General procedure for DNA extraction



11 Protocol 1: Isolation of plasmid DNA from 0.5–5 ml bacterial culture

- 1. Transfer 0.5 ml up to 5 ml of the overnight *E. coli* culture into a 1.5 ml, 2.0 ml or 15 ml reaction tube. Centrifuge for 1 minute at maximum speed to pellet the bacteria; remove the supernatant as completely as possible.
- 2. Resuspend the bacterial cell pellet in 250 µl Resuspension Buffer completely by vortexing or by pipetting up and down.

NOTE

No bacterial cell pellet or clumps should be visible.

3. Add 250 µl Lysis Buffer, close the tube and mix carefully by inverting the tube 6–8 times. Do not perform the lysis step longer than 5 minutes.

ATTENTION

Please check Lysis Buffer for precipitates. If white precipitates are visible, warm the Lysis Buffer several minutes at 30 °C-40 °C until the precipitates are dissolved. Cool Lysis Buffer down to room temperature.

IMPORTANT

Don't vortex the tube to mix the suspension! This step is critical for the separation of bacterial chromosomal DNA from plasmid DNA. Mechanical stress by vortexing or extensive mixing leads to shearing of high-molecular weight chromosomal DNA. This sheared chromosomal DNA is not precipitated by NaOH/SDS and contaminates the plasmid DNA. Add 350 µl Neutralization Buffer and mix gently, but thoroughly by inverting the tube 6–8 times. Centrifuge for 8 minutes at full speed (12,000–14,000 rpm). During centrifugation place the needed amounts of Spin Filters into 2.0 ml Receiver Tubes.

NOTE

Lysate and Neutralization Buffer have to be completely homogenous. An inhomogeneous solution leads to dramatic loss of final yield of pDNA.

 Apply the clarified supernatant onto the Spin Filter located in a 2.0 ml Receiver Tube. Centrifuge at 11,000 x g (~11,000 rpm) for 1 minute.

NOTE

If the solution has not completely passed through the Spin Filter, centrifuge again at higher speed or prolong the centrifugation time.

Discard the filtrate and re-use the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube. Place the Spin Filter back into the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube.

- Add 500 µl Washing Solution A to the Spin Filter and centrifuge at 11,000 x g (~11,000 rpm) for 1 minute. Discard the filtrate and reuse the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube. Place the Spin Filter back into the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube.
- Add 700 µl Washing Solution B to the Spin Filter and centrifuge at 11,000 x g (~11,000 rpm) for 1 minute.
- 8. Discard the filtrate after the washing step and re-use the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube. Place the Spin Filter back into the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube. Centrifuge at full speed (12,000–14,000 rpm) for 2 minutes to remove all traces of ethanol. Discard the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube.

9. Place the Spin Filter into a 1.5 ml reaction tube (not provided) and add 50–100 µl Elution Buffer P onto the center of the Spin Filter. Incubate at room temperature for 1 minute. Centrifuge at 11,000 x g (~11,000 rpm) for 1 minute. Dividing the final elution volume in two equal volumes of Elution Buffer P increases the final concentration of pDNA in the first elution step, but not the yield of eluted pDNA.

NOTE

The DNA can be eluted with a lower or higher volume of Elution Buffer P (depends on the expected yield of pDNA). Elution with lower volumes of Elution Buffer P increases the final concentration of pDNA. Store the extracted DNA at 4–8 °C. For long time storage placing at -22 °C to -18 °C is recommended.

12 Protocol 2: Isolation of plasmid DNA from 5–15 ml bacterial culture

- 1. Transfer 5 ml up to 15 ml of the overnight *E. coli* culture into a 15 ml reaction tube. Centrifuge for 8 minutes at maximum speed to pellet the bacteria; remove supernatant as completely as possible.
- 2. Resuspend the bacterial pellet in 550 µl Resuspension Buffer completely by vortexing or by pipetting up and down. Transfer the resulting solution into a 2.0 ml reaction tube.

NOTE

No bacterial cell pellet or clumps should be visible.

3. Add 550 µl Lysis Buffer, close the tube and mix carefully by inverting the tube 6–8 times and incubate the sample at room temperature for 5 minutes. Do not perform the lysis step longer than 5 minutes.

ATTENTION

Please check Lysis Buffer for precipitates. If white precipitates are visible, warm the Lysis Buffer several minutes at 30–40 °C until the precipitates are dissolved. Cool Lysis Buffer down to room temperature.

IMPORTANT

Don't vortex the tube to mix the suspension! This step is critical for the separation of bacterial chromosomal DNA from plasmid DNA. Mechanical stress by vortexing or extensive mixing leads to shearing of high-molecular weight chromosomal DNA. This sheared chromosomal DNA is not precipitated by NaOH/SDS and contaminates the plasmid DNA. Add 750 µl Neutralization Buffer and mix gently, but thoroughly by inverting the tube 6–8 times. Centrifuge for 8 minutes at full speed (12,000–14,000 rpm). During centrifugation place the needed amounts of Spin Filters into 2.0 ml Receiver Tubes.

NOTE

Lysate and Neutralization Buffer have to be completely homogenous. An inhomogeneous solution leads to dramatic loss of final yield of pDNA.

 Apply 850 µl of the clarified supernatant onto the Spin Filter located in a 2.0 ml Receiver Tube. Centrifuge at 11,000 x g (~11,000 rpm) for 1 minute.

NOTE

If the solution has not completely passed through the Spin Filter, centrifuge again at higher speed or prolong the centrifugation time.

- 6. Discard the filtrate and re-use the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube. Apply the residual sample onto the Spin Filter located in the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube. Centrifuge at 11,000 x g (~11,000 rpm) for 1 minute. Discard the filtrate and re-use the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube (place the Spin Filter back into the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube).
- Add 650 µl Washing Solution A to the Spin Filter and centrifuge at 11,000 x g (~11,000 rpm) for 1 minute. Discard the filtrate and reuse the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube. Place the Spin Filter back into the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube.
- 8. Add 750 µl Washing Solution B to the Spin Filter and centrifuge at 11,000 x g (~11,000 rpm) for 1 minute.
- 9. Discard the filtrate after the washing step and re-use the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube. Place the Spin Filter back into the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube. Centrifuge at full speed (12,000–14,000 rpm) for 3 minutes to remove all traces of ethanol. Discard the 2.0 ml Receiver Tube.

10. Place the Spin Filter into a 1.5 ml reaction tube (not provided) and add 100 µl Elution Buffer P onto the center of the Spin Filter. Incubate at room temperature for 3 minutes. Centrifuge at 11,000 x g (~11,000 rpm) for 1 minute. Two elution steps with an equal volume of Elution Buffer P will increase the yield of extracted plasmid DNA.

NOTE

The DNA can be eluted with a lower or a higher volume of Elution Buffer P (depends on the expected yield of plasmid DNA). Elution with lower volumes of Elution Buffer P increases the final concentration of pDNA. Store the extracted DNA at 4–8 °C. For long time storage placing at -22 °C to -18 °C is recommended.

13 Troubleshooting

Problem / probable cause	Comments and suggestions
Low recovery	
Incorrect Washing Solution B or no ethanol added	Prepare the Washing Solution B ex- actly as described in the manual. Store the Washing Solution B with firmly fixed cap.
Poor elution of pDNA	Add the Elution Buffer P directly onto the center of the Spin Filter (even if a small elution volume is used).
Ineffective resuspension or lysis of bacteria cells	The cell pellet must be completely re- suspended. After addition of Lysis Buffer, the solution should become clear.
	Increase time for lysis up to 5 minutes.
Incorrect neutralization	Do not shake or vortex the sample af- ter adding Neutralization Buffer. Mix by inverting the tube minimal 6–8 times.
Problems with down-stream application	, e.g. ligation
Contamination with salt components	Wash the Spin Filter as described in the manual.
Contamination of the final DNA with ethanol	Keep the given centrifugation time, ex- tend it if necessary (test the smell).

Everything is possible with us!



Other XXprep Kits:

- 2710 XXprep Kit for genomic DNA (from Blood, Tissue, Cells, Bacteria)
- 5482 XXprep Kit for DNA Fragments (from PCR reactions & Agarose gels)
- 6780 XXprep Kit for Total RNA (from Tissue, Cells, Bacteria)

Molecular biology chemicals and solutions:

- 1110 Agarose Basic for molecular biology
- 1057 Agarose low EEO for molecular biology
- 2276 Agarose low melt for molecular biology
- 1530 DNA Ladder 100 bp (lyophilized) for molecular biology
- 1531 DNA Ladder 1 kb (lyophilized) for molecular biology
- 1121 DNase I for molecular biology
- 2209 D-PBS (1X) w/o Ca and Mg (pH 7.4) for molecular biology
- 1340 EDTA for molecular biology
- 1108 EDTA disodium salt dihydrate for molecular biology
- 1353 EDTA solution pH 8.0 (0.5 M) for molecular biology
- 1131 Ethanol absolute for molecular biology
- 2324 Ethanol 80 % for molecular biology
- 2009 Ethanol 70 % for molecular biology
- 1254 Ethidium bromide solution 0.07 % dropping bottle for electrophoresis
- 1280 Glycerol anhydrous for molecular biology
- 1073 Glycerol 87 % for molecular biology
- 1317 LB Agar powder according to Lennox for molecular biology
- 1321 LB Agar powder according to Miller for molecular biology
- 1256 Lysozym for molecular biology
- 1496 2-Propanol for molecular biology
- 1263 RNase A (DNase-free) for molecular biology
- 1458 TE buffer (100X) pH 8.0 for electrophoresis
- 1115 Tris for molecular biology
- 1999 Tris Puffer pH 8.0 (1 M) for molecular biology
- 2001 Tris Puffer pH 7.5 (1 M) for molecular biology
- 1328 Tris hydrochloride for molecular biology
- 1058 Water for molecular biology



neoFroxx beyond we get everything you need

You still did not find the right product? Contact us. Our product specialists will be happy to assist!



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